



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR
(Established by Govt. of A.P., ACT No.30 of 2008)
ANANTHAPURAMU – 515 002 (A.P) INDIA

M.PHARM. PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS

COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

SEMESTER – I

S. No.	Course codes	Course Name	Hours per week			Credits
			L	T	P	
1.	21S01101	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	-	-	4
2.	21S07101	Advanced Pharmaceutical Analysis	4	-	-	4
3.	21S07102	Pharmaceutical and Food Analysis	4	-	-	4
4.	21S07103	Quality Control And Quality Assurance	4	-	-	4
5.	21S01105	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques Lab	-	-	6	3
6.	21S07104	Pharmaceutical and Food Analysis Lab	-	-	6	3
7.	21DAC101a 21DAC101b 21DAC101c	Audit Course – I English for Research paper writing Disaster Management Sanskrit for Technical Knowledge	2	-	-	0
8.		Seminar/Assignment	-	1	6	4
		Total	18	1	18	26

SEMESTER – II

S.No.	Course codes	Course Name	Hours per week			Credits
			L	T	P	
1.	21S07201	Advanced Instrumental Analysis	4	-	-	4
2.	21S07202	Modern Bio-Analytical Techniques	4	-	-	4
3.	21SOE301a	Pharmaceutical Validation	4	-	-	4
4.	21S07203	Herbal and Cosmetic Analysis	4	-	-	4
5.	21S07204	Advanced Instrumental Analysis Lab	-	-	6	3
6.	21S07205	Modern Bio-Analytical Techniques Lab	-	-	6	3
7.	21DAC201a 21DAC201b 21DAC201c	Audit Course – II Pedagogy Studies Stress Management for Yoga Personality Development through Life Enlightenment Skills	2	-	-	0
8.	21S07206	Seminar/Assignment	-	1	6	4
		Total	18	1	18	26



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SEMESTER - III

S.No.	Course codes	Course Name	Hours per week			Credits
			L	T	P	
1.	21DRM101	Research Methodology and Intellectual Property Right	4	-	-	4
2.	21SOE301d 21SOE301f 21SOE301e	Open Electives Biological Screening methods Stability of Drugs and Dosage forms Pharmacoepidemiology and Pharmacoeconomics	3	-	-	3
3.	21S07301	Teaching Practice/Assignment	-	-	4	2
4.	21S07302	Comprehensive viva voce	-	-	4	2
5.	21S07303	Research Work - I	-	-	24	12
		Total	7	-	32	23

SEMESTER - IV

S.No.	Course codes	Course Name	Hours per week			Credits
			L	T	P	
1.	21S07401	Co-Curricular Activities	2			2
2.	21S07402	Research Work - II	3		30	18
		Total	5		30	20



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g) Affinity chromatography;	h) Gel Chromatography
i)Hyphenated techniques :	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ultra High Performance Liquid chromatography- Mass spectroscopy • Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectroscopy 	
Textbooks:	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by B.K Sharma 2. Vogel’s Text book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis by A.I. Vogel 3. Textbook of Pharmaceutical Analysis, KA.Connors, 3rd Edition, John Wiley& Sons, 1982. 	
Reference Books:	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004. 5. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998. 6. Instrumental methods of analysis – Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers. 7. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry – Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4thedition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997. 8. Organic Spectroscopy - William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991. 9. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation - P D Sethi,3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997. 10. Pharmaceutical Analysis - Modern Methods – Part B - J W Munson, Vol11, Marcel. Dekker Series 11. Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, 2nd edn., P.S/Kalsi, Wiley esternLtd., Delhi. 12. Organic Chemistry by I. L. Finar 13. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs by D. C. Garrett 14. HPTLC by P.D. Seth 15. Indian Pharmacopoeia 2007 16. High Performance thin layer chromatography for the analysis of medicinal plants by Eike 17. Reich, Anne Schibli 18. Introduction to instrumental analysis by Robert. D. Braun 	



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Course Code	ADVANCED PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS	L	T	P	C
		21S07101	4	0	0
Semester		I			
Course Objectives:					
This subject deals with the various aspects of Impurity, Impurities in new drug products, in residual solvents, Elemental impurities, Impurity profiling and characterization of degradants, Stability testing of phytopharmaceuticals and their protocol preparation. It also covers the biological testing of various vaccines and their principle and procedure.					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appropriate analytical skills required for the analytical method development. • Principles of various reagents used in functional group analysis that renders necessary support in research methodology and demonstrates its application in the practical related problems. • Analysis of impurities in drugs, residual solvents and stability studies of drugs and biological products 					
UNIT - I					
Impurity and stability studies					
Definition, classification of impurities in drug Substance or Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients and quantification of impurities as per ICH guidelines Impurities in new drug products: Rationale for the reporting and control of degradation products, reporting degradation products content of batches, listing of degradation products in specifications, qualification of degradation products Impurities in residual solvents: General principles, classification of residual solvents, Analytical procedures, limits of residual solvents, reporting levels of residual solvents					
UNIT - II					
Elemental impurities					
Element classification, control of elemental impurities, Potential Sources of elemental Impurities, Identification of Potential Elemental Impurities, analytical procedures, instrumentation & C,H, N and S analysis					
Stability testing protocols					
Selection of batches, container orientation, test parameters, sampling frequency, specification, storage conditions, recording of results, concept of stability, commitment etc. Important mechanistic and stability related information provided by results of study of factors like temperature, pH, buffering species ionic strength and dielectric constant etc. on the reaction rates. With practical considerations.					
UNIT – III					
Impurity profiling and degradant characterization					
Method development, Stability studies and concepts of validation accelerated stability testing & shelf life calculation, WHO and ICH stability testing guidelines, Stability zones, steps in development, practical considerations. Basics of impurity profiling and degradant characterization with special emphasis. Photo stability testing guidelines, ICH stability guidelines for biological products					
UNIT – IV					
Stability testing of phytopharmaceuticals					
Regulatory requirements, protocols, HPTLC/HPLC finger printing, interactions and complexity.					
Biological tests and assays of the following					
Adsorbed Tetanus vaccine b. Adsorbed Diphtheria vaccine c. Human anti haemophilic vaccine d. Rabies vaccine e. Tetanus Anti toxin f. Tetanus Anti serum g. Oxytocin h. Heparin sodium IP i. Antivenom. PCR, PCR studies for gene regulation, instrumentation (Principle and Procedures)					



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UNIT – V	
Immunoassays (IA)	
Basic principles, Production of antibodies, Separation of bound and unbound drug, Radioimmunoassay, Optical IA, Enzyme IA, Fluoro IA, Luminiscence IA, Quantification and applications of IA.	
Reference Books:	
1. Vogel's textbook of quantitative chemical analysis - Jeffery J Bassett, J.Mendham, R. C. Denney, 5th edition, ELBS, 1991.	
2. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry - Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4 th Edition, CBS publishers, New Delhi, 1997.	
3. Textbook of Pharmaceutical Analysis - K A Connors, 3rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 1982.102.	
4. Pharmaceutical Analysis - Higuchi, Brochmman and Hassen, 2nd Edition, Wiley – Inter science Publication, 1961.	
5. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation – P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers New Delhi, 1997.	
6. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods - J W Munson – Part B, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series.	
7. The Quantitative analysis of Drugs - D C Carratt, 3rd edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1964.	
8. Indian Pharmacopoeia VolI , II & III 2007, 2010, 2014.	
9. Methods of sampling and microbiological examination of water, first revision, BIS	
10. Practical HPLC method development – Snyder, Kirkland, Glajch, 2 nd edition, John Wiley & Sons.	
11. Analytical Profiles of drug substances – Klaus Florey, Volume 1 – 20, Elsevier, 2005	
12. Analytical Profiles of drug substances and Excipients – Harry G Brittan, Volume 21 – 30, Elsevier, 2005.	
13. The analysis of drugs in biological fluids - Joseph Chamberlain, 2 nd edition, CRC press, London.	
14. ICH Guidelines for impurity profiles and stability studies.	



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Course Code	PHARMACEUTICAL AND FOOD ANALYSIS	L	T	P	C
21S07102		4	0	0	4
Semester		I			
Course Objectives:					
This course is designed to impart knowledge on analysis of food constituents and finished food products. The course includes application of instrumental analysis in the determination of pesticides in variety of food products					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
various analytical techniques in the determination of					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Food constituents • Food additives • Finished food products • Pesticides in food • Pharmaceuticals (API & Dosage forms) • And also student shall have the knowledge on food regulations and legislations 					
UNIT - I					
Carbohydrates					
Classification and properties of food carbohydrates, General methods of analysis of food carbohydrates.					
Proteins					
Chemistry and classification of amino acids and proteins, Physico-Chemical properties of protein and their structure, general methods of analysis of proteins and amino acids					
UNIT - II					
Lipids					
Classification, general methods of analysis, refining of fats and oils; hydrogenation of vegetable oils, Determination of adulteration in fats and oils.					
Vitamins					
Classification of vitamins, methods of analysis of vitamins, Principles of microbial assay of vitamins of B-series					
UNIT – III					
Probiotics					
Definition, history, importance, mode of action, identification advantages and disadvantages of probiotics. Applications of Probiotics					
UNIT – IV					
Food additives					
Introduction, analysis of Preservatives, antioxidants, artificial sweeteners, flavors, flavor enhancers, stabilizers, thickening and jelling agents.					
Pigments and synthetic dyes					
Natural pigments, their occurrence and characteristic properties, permitted synthetic dyes, Non-permitted synthetic dyes used by industries, Method of detection of natural, permitted and non-permitted dyes.					
UNIT – V					
Milk (constituents and milk products)					
General Analytical methods for milk, milk constituents and milk products like ice cream, milk powder, butter, margarine, cheese including adulterants and contaminants of milk.					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analysis of fermentation products like wine, spirits, beer and vinegar. 					



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<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Pesticides Analysis in food like organophosphorus and organochlorine• And also student shall have knowledge in food regulations and legislations
Textbooks:
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. The chemical analysis of foods – David Pearson, Seventh edition, Churchill Livingstone, Edinburgh London, 19762. Introduction to the Chemical analysis of foods – S. Nielsen, Jones & Bartlett publishers, Boston London, 1994.3. Official methods of analysis of AOAC International, sixth edition, Volume I & II, 1997.4. Analysis of Food constituents – Multon, Wiley VCH.5. Dr. William Horwitz, Official methods of analysis of AOAC International6. 18th edition, 2005. Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy by Lieberman and Lachman
Reference Books:
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Indian Pharmacopoeia 20122. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences by Alfonso and Gennaro



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COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

Course Code	QUALITY CONTROL AND QUALITY ASSURANCE	L	T	P	C
		21S07103	4	0	0
Semester		I			
Course Objectives:					
This course deals with the various aspects of quality control and quality assurance aspects of pharmaceutical industries. It covers the important aspects like cGMP, QC tests, documentation, quality certifications, GLP and regulatory affairs.					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The cGMP aspects in a pharmaceutical industry • To appreciate the importance of documentation • To understand the scope of quality certifications applicable to Pharmaceutical industries • To understand the responsibilities of QA & QC departments 					
UNIT - I					
Quality Control and Quality Assurance					
Concept and Evolution of Quality Control and Quality Assurance Good Laboratory Practice, GMP, Overview of ICH Guidelines -QSEM, with special emphasis on Q-series guidelines.					
Good Laboratory Practices					
Scope of GLP, Definitions, Quality assurance unit, protocol for conduct of non clinical testing, control on animal house, report preparation and documentation.					
UNIT - II					
cGMP					
cGMP guidelines according to schedule M, USFDA (inclusive of CDER and CBER) Pharmaceutical Inspection Convention(PIC), WHO and EMEA covering: Organization and personnel responsibilities, training, hygiene and personal records, drug industry location, design, construction and plant lay out, maintenance, sanitation, environmental control, utilities and maintenance of sterile areas, control of contamination and Good Warehousing Practice. CPCSEA guidelines.					
UNIT – III					
Analysis of raw materials, finished products, packaging materials, in process quality control (IPQC), Developing specification (ICH Q6 and Q3) Purchase specifications and maintenance of stores for raw materials. In process quality control and finished products quality control for following formulation in Pharma industry according to Indian, US and British pharmacopoeias: tablets, capsules, ointments, suppositories, creams, parenterals, ophthalmic and surgical products (How to refer pharmacopoeias), Quality control test for containers, closures and secondary packing materials.					
UNIT – IV					
Documentation in pharmaceutical industry					
Three tier documentation, Policy, Procedures and Work instructions, and records (Formats), Basic principles- How to maintain, retention and retrieval etc. Standard operating procedures (How to write), Master Formula Record, Batch Formula Record, Quality audit plan and reports. Specification and test procedures, Protocols and reports. Distribution records. Electronic data.					
UNIT – V					
Manufacturing operations and controls:					
Sanitation of manufacturing premises, mix-ups and cross contamination, processing of intermediates and bulk products, packaging operations, IPQC, release of finished product, process deviations, charge-in of components, time limitations on production, drug product inspection, expiry date calculation, calculation of yields, production record review, change control, sterile products, aseptic process control, packaging.					



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Reference Books:

1. Quality Assurance Guide by organization of Pharmaceutical Procedures of India, 3rd revised edition, Volume I & II, Mumbai, 1996.
2. Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, 2nd Edition, Sandy Weinberg Vol.69, Marcel Dekker Series, 1995.
3. Quality Assurance of Pharmaceuticals- A compedium of Guide lines and Related materials Vol I & II, 2nd edition, WHO Publications, 1999.
4. How to Practice GMP's – P P Sharma, Vandana Publications, Agra, 1991.
5. The International Pharmacopoeia – vol I, II, III, IV & V - General Methods of Analysis and Quality specification for Pharmaceutical Substances, Excepients and Dosage forms, 3rd edition, WHO, Geneva, 2005.
6. Good laboratory Practice Regulations – Allen F. Hirsch, Volume 38, Marcel Dekker Series, 1989.
7. ICH guidelines
8. ISO 9000 and total quality management
9. The drugs and cosmetics act 1940 – Deshpande, Nilesh Gandhi, 4thedition, Susmit Publishers, 2006.
10. QA Manual – D.H. Shah, 1st edition, Business Horizons, 2000.
11. Good Manufacturing Practices for Pharmaceuticals a plan for total quality control – Sidney H. Willig, Vol. 52, 3rd edition, Marcel Dekker Series.
12. Steinborn L. GMP/ISO Quality Audit Manual for Healthcare Manufacturers and Their Suppliers, Sixth Edition, (Volume 1 - With Checklists and Software Package). Taylor & Francis; 2003.
13. Sarker DK. Quality Systems and Controls for Pharmaceuticals. John Wiley& Sons; 2008.



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Course Code	MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES LAB	L	T	P	C
21S01105			0	0	6
Semester		I			
List of Experiments					
1. Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis Spectrophotometer. 2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV Spectrophotometry 3. Effect of pH and solvent on UV –Spectrum 4. Determination of Molar absorption coefficient 5. Estimation of riboflavin/ quinine sulphate by fluorimetry 6. Study of quenching effect by fluorimetry 7. Estimation of sodium or potassium by flame photometry 8. Colorimetric determination of drugs by using different reagents 9. Qunatitative determination of functional groups 10. Experiments based on Column chromatography 11. Experiments based on HPLC 12. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography 13. Preparation of Master Formula Record. 14. Preparation of Batch Manufacturing Record.					



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Course Code	PHARMACEUTICAL AND FOOD ANALYSIS LAB	L	T	P	C
21S07104		0	0	6	3
Semester		I			
List of Experiments					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Determination of total reducing sugar 2. Determination of proteins 3. Determination of saponification value, Iodine value, Peroxide value, Acid value in food products 4. Determination of fat content and rancidity in food products 5. Analysis of natural and synthetic colors in food 6. Determination of preservatives in food 7. Determination of pesticide residue in food products 8. Analysis of vitamin content in food products 9. Determination of density and specific gravity of foods 10. Determination of benzoic acid by titrimetric analysis in beverages/ sauces/ ketchup/ jam 11. Assay of any two Analgesic & Antipyretic drugs (API & dosage forms) official in IP 12. Assay of any two Antihistamines (API & dosage forms) official in IP 13. Assay of any two Diuretics (API & dosage forms) official in IP 					



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Course Code	ADVANCED INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS	L	T	P	C
21S07201		4	0	0	4
Pre-requisite	Semester	II			
Course Objectives:					
This subject deals with various hyphenated analytical instrumental techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs. Instruments dealt are LC-MS, GC-MS, and hyphenated techniques.					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interpretation of the NMR, Mass and IR spectra of various organic compounds • Theoretical and practical skills of the hyphenated instruments • Identification of organic compounds 					
UNIT - I					
HPLC					
Principle, instrumentation, pharmaceutical applications, peak shapes, capacity factor, selectivity, plate number, plate height, resolution, band broadening, pumps, injector, detectors, columns, column problems, gradient HPLC, HPLC solvents, trouble shooting, sample preparation, method development, New developments in HPLC-role and principles of ultra, nano liquid chromatography in pharmaceutical analysis. Immobilized polysaccharide CSP's: Advancement in enantiomeric separations, revised phase Chiral method development and HILIC approaches. HPLC in Chiral analysis of pharmaceuticals. Preparative HPLC, practical aspects of preparative HPLC.					
UNIT - II					
Biochromatography					
Size exclusion chromatography, ion exchange chromatography, ion pair chromatography, affinity chromatography general principles, stationary phases and mobile phases.					
Gas chromatography: Principles, instrumentation, derivatization, head space sampling, columns for GC, detectors, quantification.					
High performance Thin Layer chromatography					
Principles, instrumentation, pharmaceutical applications.					
UNIT - III					
Super critical fluid chromatography: Principles, instrumentation, pharmaceutical applications					
Capillary electrophoresis:					
Overview of CE in pharmaceutical analysis, basic configuration, CE characteristics, principles of CE, methods and modes of CE. General considerations and method development in CE, Crown ethers as buffer additives in capillary electrophoresis. CE-MS hyphenation.					
UNIT - IV					
Mass spectrometry					
Principle, theory, instrumentation of mass spectrometry, different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALD, APCI, ESI, APPI mass fragmentation and its rules, meta stable ions, isotopic peaks and applications of mass spectrometry. LC-MS hyphenation and DART MS analysis. Mass analysers (Quadrupole, Time of flight, FT-ICR, ion trap and Orbitrap) instruments. MS/MS systems (Tandem: QqQ, TOF-TOF; Q-IT, Q-TOF, LTQ-FT, LTQ-Orbitrap).					
UNIT - V					
NMR spectroscopy					
Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief					



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outline of principles of FT-NMR with reference to ^{13}C NMR: Spin spin and spin lattice relaxation phenomenon. ^{13}C NMR, 1-D and 2-D NMR, NOESY and COSY techniques, Interpretation and Applications of NMR spectroscopy. LC-NMR hyphenations.

Reference Books:

1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein, Sixth edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Douglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Instrumental methods of analysis – Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
4. Organic Spectroscopy - William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.
5. Quantitative analysis of Pharmaceutical formulations by HPTLC - P D Sethi, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation - P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
7. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods – Part B - J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series.
8. Organic Spectroscopy by Donald L. Pavia, 5th Edition.



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Course Code	MODERN BIO-ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES	L	T	P	C
21S07202		4	0	0	4
	Semester	II			
Course Objectives:					
This subject is designed to provide detailed knowledge about the importance of analysis of drugs in biological matrices.					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extraction of drugs from biological samples • Separation of drugs from biological samples using different techniques • Guidelines for BA/BE studies. 					
UNIT – I					
Extraction of drugs and metabolites from biological matrices					
General need, principle and procedure involved in the Bioanalytical methods such as Protein precipitation, Liquid -Liquid extraction and Solid phase extraction and other novel sample preparation approach.					
Bioanalytical method validation: USFDA and EMEA guidelines					
UNIT – II					
Biopharmaceutical Consideration					
Introduction, Biopharmaceutical Factors Affecting Drug Bioavailability, In Vitro: Dissolution and Drug Release Testing, Alternative Methods of Dissolution Testing Transport models, Biopharmaceutics Classification System. Solubility: Experimental methods. Permeability: In-vitro, in-situ and In-vivo methods.					
UNIT – III					
Pharmacokinetics and Toxicokinetics:					
Basic consideration, Drug interaction (PK-PD interactions), The effect of protein-binding interactions, The effect of tissue-binding interactions, Cytochrome P450-based drug interactions, Drug interactions linked to transporters. Microsomal assays Toxicokinetics-Toxicokinetic evaluation in preclinical studies, Importance and applications of toxicokinetic studies. LC-MS in bioactivity screening and proteomics					
UNIT – IV					
Cell culture techniques					
Cell culture techniques Basic equipment's used in cell culture lab. Cell culture media, various types of cell culture, general procedure for cell cultures; isolation of cells, subculture, cryopreservation, characterization of cells and their applications. Principles and applications of cell viability assays (MTT assays), Principles and applications of flow cytometry.					
UNIT – V					
Metabolite identification					
In-vitro / in-vivo approaches, protocols and sample preparation. Microsomal approaches (Rat liver microsomes (RLM) and Human liver microsomes (HLM) in Met –ID. Regulatory perspectives. In-vitro assay of drug metabolites & drug metabolizing enzymes.					
Drug Product Performance, In Vivo: Bioavailability and Bioequivalence: Drug Product Performance, Purpose of Bioavailability Studies, Relative and Absolute Availability. Methods for Assessing Bioavailability, Bioequivalence Studies, Design and Evaluation of Bioequivalence Studies, Study Designs, Crossover Study Designs, Generic Biologics (Biosimilar Drug Products), Clinical Significance of Bioequivalence Studies.					
Reference Books:					



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1. Analysis of drugs in Biological fluids - Joseph Chamberlain, 2nd Edition. CRC Press, Newyork. 1995.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Pharmaceutical Analysis - Higuchi, Brochmman and Hassen, 2nd Edition, Wiley – Interscience Publications, 1961.
4. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods – Part B - J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series
5. Practical HPLC method Development – Snyder, Kirkland, Glaich, 2nd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jercy. USA.
6. Chromatographic Analysis of Pharmaceuticals – John A Adamovics, 2nd Edition, Marcel Dekker, Newyork, USA. 1997.
7. Chromatographic methods in clinical chemistry & Toxicology – Roger L Bertholf, Ruth E Winecker, John Wiley & Sons, New Jercy, USA. 2007.
8. Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, 2nd Edition, Sandy Weinberg Vol.69, Marcel Dekker Series, 1995.
9. Good laboratory Practice Regulations – Allen F. Hirsch, Volume 38, Marcel Dekker Series, 1989.
10. ICH, USFDA & CDSCO Guidelines.
11. Palmer



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COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

Course Code	PHARMACEUTICAL VALIDATION	L	T	P	C
21SOE301a		4	0	0	4
	Semester	II			
Course Objectives:					
The main purpose of the subject is to understand about validation and how it can be applied to industry and thus to improve the quality of the products. The subject covers the complete information about validation, types, methodology and application					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explain the aspect of validation • Carryout validation of manufacturing processes • Apply the knowledge of validation to instruments and equipments • Validate the manufacturing facilities 					
UNIT – I					
Introduction: Definition of Qualification and Validation, Advantage of Validation, Streamlining of Qualification & Validation process and Validation Master Plan. Qualification: User Requirement Specification, Design Qualification, Factory Acceptance Test (FAT)/ Site Acceptance Test (SAT), Installation Qualification, Operational Qualification, Performance Qualification, Re- Qualification (Maintaining status-Calibration Preventive Maintenance, Change management), Qualification of Manufacturing Equipments, Qualification of Analytical Instruments and Laboratory equipments.					
UNIT – II					
Qualification of analytical instruments Electronic balance, pH meter, UV-Visible spectrophotometer, FTIR, GC, HPLC, HPTLC Qualification of Glassware: Volumetric flask, pipette, Measuring cylinder, beakers and burette.					
UNIT – III					
Validation of Utility systems Pharmaceutical Water System & pure steam, HVAC system, Compressed air and nitrogen. Cleaning Validation: Cleaning Validation - Cleaning Method development, Validation and validation of analytical method used in cleaning. Cleaning of Equipment, Cleaning of Facilities. Cleaning in place (CIP).					
UNIT – IV					
Analytical method validation General principles, Validation of analytical method as per ICH guidelines and USP. Computerized system validation: Electronic records and digital significance-21 CFR part 11 and GAMP.					
UNIT – V					
General Principles of Intellectual Property Concepts of Intellectual Property (IP), Intellectual Property Protection (IPP), Intellectual Property Rights (IPR); Economic importance, mechanism for protection of Intellectual Property –patents, Copyright, Trademark; Factors affecting choice of IP protection; Penalties for violation; Role of IP in pharmaceutical industry; Global ramification and financial implications. Filing a patent applications; patent application forms and guidelines. Types patent applications-provisional and non-provisional, PCT and convention patent applications; International patenting requirement procedures and costs; Rights and responsibilities of a patentee; Practical aspects regarding maintaining of a Patent file; Patent infringement meaning and scope. Significance of transfer technology (TOT), IP and ethics-					



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M.PHARM. IN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS

COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

positive and negative aspects of IPP; Societal responsibility, avoiding unethical practices.

Reference Books:

1. B. T. Loftus & R. A. Nash, "Pharmaceutical Process Validation", Drugs and Pharm Sci. Series, Vol. 129, 3rd Ed., Marcel Dekker Inc., N.Y.
2. The Theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, 3rd edition, Leon Lachman, Herbert A. Lieberman, Joseph. L. Karig, Varghese Publishing House, Bombay.
3. Validation Master Plan by Terveeks or Deeks, Davis Harwood International publishing.
4. Validation of Aseptic Pharmaceutical Processes, 2nd Edition, by Carleton & Agalloco, (Marcel Dekker).
5. Michael Levin, Pharmaceutical Process Scale-Up, Drugs and Pharm. Sci.Series, Vol. 157,2nd Ed., Marcel Dekker Inc., N.Y.
6. Validation Standard Operating Procedures: A Step by Step Guide for Achieving Compliance in the Pharmaceutical, Medical Device, and Biotech Industries, Syed Imtiaz Haider
7. Pharmaceutical Equipment Validation: The Ultimate Qualification Handbook, Phillip A. Cloud, Interpharm Press
8. Validation of Pharmaceutical Processes: Sterile Products, Frederick J. Carlton (Ed.) and James Agalloco (Ed.), Marcel Dekker, 2nd Ed.
9. Analytical Method validation and Instrument Performance Verification by Churg Chan, Heiman Lam, Y.C. Lee, Yue. Zhang, Wiley Inter Science.



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COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

Course Code	HERBAL AND COSMETIC ANALYSIS	L	T	P	C
21S07203		4	0	0	4
Semester		II			
Course Objectives:					
This course is designed to impart knowledge on analysis of herbal products. Regulatory requirements, herbal drug interaction with monographs. Performance evaluation of cosmetic products is included for the better understanding of the equipments used in cosmetic industries for the purpose.					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determination of herbal remedies and regulations • Analysis of natural products and monographs • Determination of Herbal drug-drug interaction • Principles of performance evaluation of cosmetic products. 					
UNIT – I					
Herbal remedies- Toxicity and Regulations					
Herbals vs Conventional drugs, Efficacy of herbal medicine products, Validation of Herbal Therapies, Pharmacodynamic and Pharmacokinetic issues. Herbal drug standardization: WHO and AYUSH guidelines					
UNIT – II					
Adulteration and Deterioration:					
Introduction, types of adulteration/substitution of herbal drugs, Causes and Measure of adulteration, Sampling Procedures, Determination of Foreign Matter, DNA Finger printing techniques in identification of drugs of natural origin, heavy metals, pesticide residues, phototoxin and microbial contamination in herbal formulations. Regulatory requirements for setting herbal drug industry: Global marketing management, Indian and international patent law as applicable herbal drugs and natural products and its protocol.					
UNIT – III					
Testing of natural products and drugs					
Effect of herbal medicine on clinical laboratory testing, Adulterant Screening using modern analytical instruments, Regulation and dispensing of herbal drugs, Stability testing of natural products, protocol. Monographs of Herbal drugs: Study of monographs of herbal drugs and comparative study in IP, USP, Ayurvedic Pharmacopoeia, American herbal Pharmacopoeia, British herbal Pharmacopoeia, Siddha and Unani Pharmacopoeia, WHO guidelines in quality assessment of herbal drugs.					
UNIT – IV					
Herbal drug-drug interaction					
General principles, Validation of analytical method as per ICH guidelines and USP. Computerized system validation: Electronic records and digital significance-21 CFR part 11 and GAMP.					
UNIT – V					
Evaluation of cosmetic products:					
Determination of acid value, ester value, saponification value, iodine value, peroxide value, rancidity, moisture, ash, volatile matter, heavy metals, fineness of powder, density, viscosity of cosmetic raw materials and finished products. Study of quality of raw materials and general methods of analysis of raw material used in cosmetic manufacture as per BIS. Indian Standard specification laid down for sampling and testing of various cosmetics in finished					



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COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

forms such as baby care products, skin care products, dental products, personal hygiene preparations, lips sticks. Hair products and skin creams by the Bureau Indian Standards

Reference Books:

1. B. T. Loftus & R. A. Nash, "Pharmaceutical Process Validation", Drugs and Pharm Sci. Series, Vol. 129, 3rd Ed., Marcel Dekker Inc., N.Y.
2. The Theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, 3rd edition, Leon Lachman, Herbert A. Lieberman, Joseph. L. Karig, Varghese Publishing House, Bombay.
3. Validation Master Plan by Terveeks or Deeks, Davis Harwood International publishing.
4. Validation of Aseptic Pharmaceutical Processes, 2nd Edition, by Carleton & Agalloco, (Marcel Dekker).
5. Michael Levin, Pharmaceutical Process Scale-Up, Drugs and Pharm. Sci.Series, Vol. 157,2nd Ed., Marcel Dekker Inc., N.Y.
6. Validation Standard Operating Procedures: A Step by Step Guide for Achieving Compliance in the Pharmaceutical, Medical Device, and Biotech Industries, Syed Imtiaz Haider
7. Pharmaceutical Equipment Validation: The Ultimate Qualification Handbook, Phillip A. Cloud, Interpharm Press
8. Validation of Pharmaceutical Processes: Sterile Products, Frederick J.Carlton (Ed.) and James Agalloco (Ed.), Marcel Dekker, 2nd Ed.
9. Analytical Method validation and Instrument Performance Verification by Churg Chan, Heiman Lam, Y.C. Lee, Yue. Zhang, Wiley Inter Science.



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COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

Course Code	ADVANCED INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS LAB	L	T	P	C
21S07204			0	0	6
		Semester		II	
List of Experiments					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Comparison of absorption spectra by UV and Wood ward – Fiesure rule 2. Interpretation of organic compounds by FT-IR 3. Interpretation of organic compounds by NMR 4. Interpretation of organic compounds by MS 5. Determination of purity by DSC in pharmaceuticals 6. Identification of organic compounds using FT-IR, NMR, CNMR and Mass spectra 7. Testing of related and foreign substances in drugs and raw materials 8. Assay of raw materials as per official monographs 9. Calibration of UV – Visible Spectrophotometer/ HPLC/ GC/ FTIR 10. Cleaning validation of any one analytical equipment 					



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COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

Course Code	MODERN BIO-ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES LAB	L	T	P	C
21S07205		0	0	6	3
Semester		II			
List of Experiments					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Protocol preparation and performance of bioanalytical method validation 2. Protocol preparation for the conduct of BA/BE studies according to guidelines 3. Bio molecules separation utilizing various sample preparation techniques and Quantitative analysis of components by HPLC techniques 4. Isolation of analgesics from biological fluids (blood serum and urine) 5. Identification of anti-histaminics drug in urine by TLC 6. Extraction of drugs and metabolites from biological matrices by SPE/LLE 7. HPLC separation of modern drug from plasma and its formulations (Diclofenac) 8. Stability indicating method development by HPLC of any API 9. Bio molecules separation utilizing various sample preparation techniques and Quantitative analysis of components by gel electrophoresis 10. Quality control methods for herbal materials/ Medicinal plant materials 					



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COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

Course Code	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS	L	T	P	C
21DRM101		4	0	0	4
Semester		III			
Course Objectives:					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To understand the research problem • To know the literature studies, plagiarism and ethics • To get the knowledge about technical writing • To analyze the nature of intellectual property rights and new developments • To know the patent rights 					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand research problem formulation. • Analyze research related information • Follow research ethics • Understand that today's world is controlled by Computer, Information Technology, but tomorrow world will be ruled by ideas, concept, and creativity. • Understanding that when IPR would take such important place in growth of individuals & nation, it is needless to emphasis the need of information about Intellectual Property Right to be promoted among students in general & engineering in particular. • Understand that IPR protection provides an incentive to inventors for further research work and investment in R & D, which leads to creation of new and better products, and in turn brings about, economic growth and social benefits. 					
UNIT - I					
Research Problem					
Meaning of research problem, Sources of research problem, Criteria Characteristics of a good research problem, Errors in selecting a research problem, Scope and objectives of research problem. Approaches of investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, Necessary instrumentations					
UNIT – II					
Literature review					
Effective literature studies approaches, analysis, Plagiarism, Research ethics.					
UNIT – III					
Report writing					
Effective technical writing, how to write report, Paper Developing a Research Proposal, Format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee					
UNIT – IV					
Nature of Intellectual Property					
Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright. Process of Patenting and Development: technological research, innovation, patenting, development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants of patents, Patenting under PCT.					
UNIT – V					
Patent Rights:					
Scope of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer of technology. Patent information and databases. Geographical Indications. New Developments in IPR: Administration of Patent System. New developments in IPR; IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software etc. Traditional knowledge Case Studies, IPR and IITs.					



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COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

Textbooks:
1. Stuart Melville and Wayne Goddard, “Research methodology: an introduction for science & engineering students” 2. Wayne Goddard and Stuart Melville, “Research Methodology: An Introduction”
Reference Books:
1. Ranjit Kumar, 2nd Edition, “Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for beginners” 2. Halbert, “Resisting Intellectual Property”, Taylor & Francis Ltd ,2007. 3. Mayall, “Industrial Design”, McGraw Hill, 1992. 4. Niebel, “Product Design”, McGraw Hill, 1974. 5. Asimov, “Introduction to Design”, Prentice Hall, 1962. 6. Robert P. Merges, Peter S. Menell, Mark A. Lemley, “Intellectual Property in New Technological Age”, 2016. 7. T. Ramappa, “Intellectual Property Rights Under WTO”, S. Chand, 2008



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AUDIT COURSE-I



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COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

Course Code	ENGLISH FOR RESEARCH PAPER WRITING	L	T	P	C
21DAC101a		2	0	0	0
Semester		I			
Course Objectives: This course will enable students:					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the essentials of writing skills and their level of readability • Learn about what to write in each section • Ensure qualitative presentation with linguistic accuracy 					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the significance of writing skills and the level of readability • Analyze and write title, abstract, different sections in research paper • Develop the skills needed while writing a research paper 					
UNIT - I		Lecture Hrs:10			
1 Overview of a Research Paper- Planning and Preparation- Word Order- Useful Phrases - Breaking up Long Sentences-Structuring Paragraphs and Sentences-Being Concise and Removing Redundancy -Avoiding Ambiguity					
UNIT - II		Lecture Hrs:10			
Essential Components of a Research Paper- Abstracts- Building Hypothesis-Research Problem - Highlight Findings- Hedging and Criticizing, Paraphrasing and Plagiarism, Cauterization					
UNIT - III		Lecture Hrs:10			
Introducing Review of the Literature – Methodology - Analysis of the Data-Findings - Discussion- Conclusions-Recommendations.					
UNIT - IV		Lecture Hrs:9			
Key skills needed for writing a Title, Abstract, and Introduction					
UNIT - V		Lecture Hrs:9			
Appropriate language to formulate Methodology, incorporate Results, put forth Arguments and draw Conclusions					
Suggested Reading					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Goldbort R (2006) Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books) Model Curriculum of Engineering & Technology PG Courses [Volume-I] 2. Day R (2006) How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press 3. Highman N (1998), Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM. Highman'sbook 4. Adrian Wallwork , English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011 					



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COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

Course Code	DISASTER MANAGEMENT	L	T	P	C
21DAC101b			2	0	0
Semester		I			
Course Objectives: This course will enable students:					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Learn to demonstrate critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response. • Critically evaluate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from Multiple perspectives. • Develop an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations • Critically understand the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches, planning and programming in different countries, particularly their home country or the countries they work in 					
UNIT - I					
<p>Introduction: Disaster: Definition, Factors and Significance; Difference Between Hazard and Disaster; Natural and Manmade Disasters: Difference, Nature, Types and Magnitude.</p> <p>Disaster Prone Areas in India: Study of Seismic Zones; Areas Prone to Floods and Droughts, Landslides and Avalanches; Areas Prone to Cyclonic and Coastal Hazards with Special Reference to Tsunami; Post- Disaster Diseases and Epidemics</p>					
UNIT - II					
<p>Repercussions of Disasters and Hazards: Economic Damage, Loss of Human and Animal Life, Destruction of Ecosystem. Natural Disasters: Earthquakes, Volcanisms, Cyclones, Tsunamis, Floods, Droughts and Famines, Landslides and Avalanches, Man-made disaster: Nuclear Reactor Meltdown, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks and Spills, Outbreaks of Disease and Epidemics, War and Conflicts.</p>					
UNIT - III					
<p>Disaster Preparedness and Management: Preparedness: Monitoring of Phenomena Triggering A Disaster or Hazard; Evaluation of Risk: Application of Remote Sensing, Data from Meteorological and Other Agencies, Media Reports: Governmental and Community Preparedness.</p>					
UNIT - IV					
<p>Risk Assessment Disaster Risk: Concept and Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, Global and National Disaster Risk Situation. Techniques of Risk Assessment, Global Co-Operation in Risk Assessment and Warning, People's Participation in Risk Assessment. Strategies for Survival.</p>					
UNIT - V					
<p>Disaster Mitigation: Meaning, Concept and Strategies of Disaster Mitigation, Emerging Trends in Mitigation. Structural Mitigation and Non-Structural Mitigation, Programs of Disaster Mitigation in India.</p>					
Suggested Reading					



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COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

1. R.Nishith,SinghAK,“DisasterManagementinIndia:Perspectives,issuesandstrategies
2. “New Royal book
Company..Sahni,PardeepEt.Al.(Eds.),”DisasterMitigationExperiencesAndReflections”,PrenticeHall OfIndia, New Delhi.
3. GoelS.L.,DisasterAdministrationAndManagementTextAndCaseStudies”,Deep&Deep
Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi



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COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

Course Code	SANSKRITFOR TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE	L	T	P	C
21DAC101c		2	0	0	0
Semester		I			
Course Objectives: This course will enable students:					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To get a working knowledge in illustrious Sanskrit, the scientific language in the world • Learning of Sanskrit to improve brain functioning • Learning of Sanskrit to develop the logic in mathematics, science & other subjects enhancing the memory power • The engineering scholars equipped with Sanskrit will be able to explore the huge • Knowledge from ancient literature 					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understanding basic Sanskrit language • Ancient Sanskrit literature about science & technology can be understood • Being a logical language will help to develop logic in students 					
UNIT - I					
Alphabets in Sanskrit,					
UNIT - II					
Past/Present/Future Tense, Simple Sentences					
UNIT - III					
Order, Introduction of roots					
UNIT - IV					
Technical information about Sanskrit Literature					
UNIT - V					
Technical concepts of Engineering-Electrical, Mechanical, Architecture, Mathematics					
Suggested Reading					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. "Abhyaspustakam" – Dr. Vishwas, Sanskrit-Bharti Publication, New Delhi 2. "Teach Yourself Sanskrit" Prathama Deeksha- Vempati Kutumbshastri, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam, New Delhi Publication 3. "India's Glorious Scientific Tradition" Suresh Soni, Ocean books (P) Ltd., New Delhi 					



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COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

AUDIT COURSE-II



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COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

Course Code	PEDAGOGY STUDIES	L	T	P	C
21DAC201a		2	0	0	0
Semester		II			
Course Objectives: This course will enable students:					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Review existing evidence on the review topic to inform programme design and policy making undertaken by the DfID, other agencies and researchers. • Identify critical evidence gaps to guide the development. 					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
Students will be able to understand: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What pedagogical practices are being used by teachers in formal and informal classrooms in developing countries? • What is the evidence on the effectiveness of these pedagogical practices, in what conditions, and with what population of learners? • How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy? 					
UNIT - I					
Introduction and Methodology: Aims and rationale, Policy back ground, Conceptual frame work and terminology Theories of learning, Curriculum, Teacher education. Conceptual framework, Research questions. Overview of methodology and Searching.					
UNIT - II					
Thematic overview: Pedagogical practices are being used by teachers in formal and informal classrooms in developing countries. Curriculum, Teacher education.					
UNIT - III					
Evidence on the effectiveness of pedagogical practices, Methodology for the in depth stage: quality assessment of included studies. How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy? Theory of change. Strength and nature of the body of evidence for effective pedagogical practices. Pedagogic theory and pedagogical approaches. Teachers' attitudes and beliefs and Pedagogic strategies.					
UNIT - IV					
Professional development: alignment with classroom practices and follow-up support, Peer support, Support from the head teacher and the community. Curriculum and assessment, Barrier to learning: limited resources and large class sizes					
UNIT - V					
Research gaps and future directions: Research design, Contexts, Pedagogy, Teacher education, Curriculum and assessment, Dissemination and research impact.					
Suggested Reading					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ackers J, Hardman F (2001) Classroom interaction in Kenyan primary schools, Compare, 31 (2): 245-261. 2. Agrawal M (2004) Curricular reforms in schools: The importance of evaluation, Journal of 					



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3. Curriculum Studies, 36 (3): 361-379.
4. AkyeampongK(2003) Teacher training in Ghana - does it count? Multi-site teachereducation research project (MUSTER) country report 1. London: DFID.
5. Akyeampong K, LussierK, PryorJ, Westbrook J (2013)Improving teaching and learning of basic maths and reading in Africa: Does teacherpreparation count?International Journal Educational Development, 33 (3): 272–282.
6. Alexander RJ(2001) Culture and pedagogy: International comparisons in primary education. Oxford and Boston: Blackwell.
Chavan M (2003)ReadIndia: A mass scale, rapid, ‘learning to read’campaign.
7. www.pratham.org/images/resource%20working%20paper%202.pdf.



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COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

Course Code	STRESSMANAGEMENT BY YOGA	L	T	P	C
21DAC201b			2	0	0
Semester		II			
Course Objectives: This course will enable students:					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To achieve overall health of body and mind • To overcome stres 					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Develop healthy mind in a healthy body thus improving social health also • Improve efficiency 					
UNIT - I					
Definitions of Eight parts of yog.(Ashtanga)					
UNIT - II					
Yam and Niyam.					
UNIT - III					
Do` sand Don` t` sin life.					
i) Ahinsa,satya,astheya,bramhacharyaand aparigrahaii)					
Shaucha,santosh,tapa,swadhyay,ishwarpranidhan					
UNIT - IV					
Asan and Pranayam					
UNIT - V					
i) Variousyogposesand theirbenefitsformind &body					
ii)Regularizationofbreathingtechniques and its effects-Types ofpranayam					
Suggested Reading					
1.‘Yogic Asanas forGroupTarining-Part-I’: Janardan SwamiYogabhyasiMandal, Nagpur					
2.“Rajayogaor conquering the Internal Nature” by Swami Vivekananda, Advaita Ashrama (Publication Department), Kolkata					



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COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

Course Code	PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT THROUGH LIFE ENLIGHTENMENT SKILLS	L	T	P	C
21DAC201c		2	0	0	0
Semester		II			
Course Objectives: This course will enable students:					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To learn to achieve the highest goal happily • To become a person with stable mind, pleasing personality and determination • To awaken wisdom in students 					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Study of Shrimad-Bhagwad-Geeta will help the student in developing his personality and achieve the highest goal in life • The person who has studied Geeta will lead the nation and mankind to peace and prosperity • Study of Neetishatakam will help in developing versatile personality of students 					
UNIT - I					
Neetisatakam- Holistic development of personality Verses-19,20,21,22(wisdom) Verses-29,31,32(pride & heroism) Verses-26,28,63,65(virtue)					
UNIT - II					
Neetisatakam- Holistic development of personality Verses-52,53,59(dont's) Verses-71,73,75,78(do's)					
UNIT - III					
Approach to day to day work and duties. Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta: Chapter 2- Verses 41,47,48, Chapter 3- Verses 13,21,27,35, Chapter 6- Verses 5,13,17,23,35, Chapter 18- Verses 45,46,48.					
UNIT - IV					
Statements of basic knowledge. Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta: Chapter 2- Verses 56,62,68 Chapter 12 - Verses 13,14,15,16,17,18 Personality of Role model. Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta:					
UNIT - V					
Chapter 2- Verses 17, Chapter 3- Verses 36,37,42, Chapter 4- Verses 18,38,39 Chapter 18- Verses 37,38,63					
Suggested Reading					
1. "Srimad Bhagavad Gita" by Swami Swarupananda Advaita Ashram (Publication Department), Kolkata 2. Bhartrihari's Three Satakam (Niti-sringar-vairagya) by P. Gopinath, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam, New Delhi.					



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M.PHARM. PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS

COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

OPEN ELECTIVE



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M.PHARM. IN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS

COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

Course Code	BIOLOGICAL SCREENING METHODS (Elective)	L	T	P	C
21SOE301d			3	0	0
Semester		III			
Course Objectives:					
The students are going to study about various techniques for screening of drugs for various pharmacological activities and guide lines for handling animals and human and animal ethics for screening of drugs.					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to know					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How to handle animals • About various techniques for screening of drugs for different pharmacological activities • Guidelines and regulations for screening new drug molecules on animals. 					
UNIT – I					
Drug discovery process:					
Principles, techniques and strategies used in new drug discovery. High throughput screening, human genomics, robotics and economics of drug discovery, Regulations. Alternatives to animal screening procedures, cell-line, patch –clamp technique, In-vitro models, molecular biology techniques.					
UNIT – II					
Bioassays:					
Basic principles of bioassays, official bioassays, experimental models and statistical designs employed in biological standardization.					
UNIT – III					
Toxicity Evaluations					
Principles of toxicity evaluations, ED50, LD50 and TD values, International guidelines (ICH recommendations).					
Preclinical studies: General principles and procedures involved in acute, sub-acute, chronic, teratogenicity, mutagenicity and carcinogenicity.					
UNIT – IV					
Screening of drugs					
Screening of different classes of drugs using micro-organisms. Vitamin and antibiotic assays. Screening methods involved in toxins and pathogens.					
UNIT – V					
Enzymatic screening methods					
α -glucosidase, α - amylase, DNA polymerase, nucleases, L-asparaginase, lipases and peptidases.					
Reference Books:					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Basic and clinical pharmacology by Bertram G. Katzung (International edition) lange medical book / Mc Graw Hill, USA 2001 8th edition 2. Pharmacology by Rang H.P, Dale MM and Ritter JM., Churchill Livingston, London, 4/e 3. Goodman and Gilman’s The pharmacological basis of therapeutics (International edition) Mc Graw Hill, USA 2001 10th edition. 4. General and applid toxicology by B.Ballantyne, T.Marrs, P.Turner (Eds) The Mc Millan press Ltd, London. 5. Drug Discovery by Vogel’s 6. Drug Discovery and evaluation – Pharmacological assays by H.Gerhard.Vogel, 2nd edition, Springer verlag, Berlin, Heidelberg. 7. Tutorial Pharmacy (Vol I and II) by Cooper and Gunns. 					



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COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

Course Code	STABILITY OF DRUGS AND DOSAGE FORMS	L	T	P	C
21SOE301f	(Elective)	3	0	0	3
Semester		III			
Course Objectives:					
These topics are designed impart a specialized knowledge to preserve the properties of drugs and dosage forms during manufacture storage and shelf life. The understanding of properties and evaluation of stability during storage, by solution and solid state against several factors of degradation.					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluation of stability of solutions, solids and formulations against adverse conditions. • Suggest the measures to retain stability and storage conditions for retaining the efficacy of the products. 					
UNIT – I					
Drug decomposition mechanisms					
1. Hydrolysis and acyl transfers: Nature of reaction, structure and utility, stabilization of Pharmaceutical examples.					
2. Oxidation: Nature of oxidation, kinetics of oxidation, oxidation pathways of pharmaceutical, Interest Inhibition of oxidation					
3. Photolysis: Energetics of photolysis, kinetics photolysis, photolytic reactions of pharmaceutical interest, prevention of photolytic reactions.					
UNIT – II					
Solid state chemical decomposition					
Kinetic of solids state decomposition, Pharmaceutical examples of solid-state decomposition, Pure drugs, drug excipient and drug-drug interaction in solid state, methods of stabilization.					
Physical stability testing of dosage forms:					
1. Solids – tablets, capsules, powder and granules					
2. Disperse systems					
3. Microbial decomposition					
4. Over-view, physical stability of novel drug carriers, liposomes, niosomes, nano-particles.					
UNIT – III					
Identification and quantitative determination of preservatives, Antioxidants, colouring materials, emulsifiers and stabilizers in Pharmaceutical formulation.					
Analysis of drugs from biological samples including, selection of biological sample, extraction of drugs by various methods as LLE, SPE and Membrane filtration. Factors affecting extraction of drugs.					
UNIT – IV					
General method of analysis to determine the quality of raw materials used in cosmetic industry. Indian Standard Specifications (ISI) laid down for sampling and testing of various cosmetics in finished form by the Bureau of Indian Standards					
UNIT – V					
Methods of analysis to determine the quality of cosmetics in the finished forms such as Hair care products, Skin care products, Baby care products, Dental products, Personal hygiene products, Colour cosmetics, Ethnic products, Colour makeup preparation, Lipsticks, Hair setting lotions and Eye shadows. Toxicity testing in cosmetics and Safety and Legislation of Cosmetic products.					
Stability studies: Concept of stability studies.					
a) cGMP& ICH guidelines for Accelerated stability Testing.					



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b) Interaction of containers & closure Compatibility Testing.

Reference Books:

1. Comprehensive Pharmacy Review 5th Edition by Leon Shargel, Alan H. Mutnick, Paul F. Souney, Larry N. Sawnsen – 2004.
2. A.H. Beckett and J. B. Stenlake Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Part I and Part II, 4th Edition.
3. G. H. Jeffery, J. Basset, J. Mendham, R. C. Denny (Rev. by) Vogels Text Book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis, 5th Edition 1989, ELBS.
4. The Controller of Publications; New Delhi, Govt. of India, Indian Pharmacopoeia, Vol. I and Vol. II - 2010.
5. J. B. Wilkinson and R. J. Moore, Herry's Cosmeticology; Longman Scientific and Technical Publishers, Singapore.
6. P.D. Sethi; Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical Formulations, 3rd Edition - 1997,
7. Classification of cosmetics raw materials and adjuncts IS 3958 of Indian Standards Institution (BIS).
8. Cosmetic and toilet goods – methods of sampling IS 3958 of Indian Standards Institution (BIS).
9. Methods of sampling and test for various cosmetics as laid down by Bureau of Indian Standards.
10. Drug stability: Principles and practices by Jens T. Carstensen
11. Stability Testing of Drug Products by W. Grimm. 12. Stability of Drugs and Dosage Forms by Yoshioka and Stella.



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COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABI

Course Code	PHARMACOEPIDEMIOLOGY & PHARMACOECONOMICS (Elective-I)	L	T	P	C
21SOE301e			3	0	0
Semester		III			
Course Objectives:					
This course enables students to understand various pharmacoepidemiological methods and their clinical applications. Also, it aims to impart knowledge on basic concepts, assumptions, terminology, and methods associated with Pharmacoeconomics and health related outcomes, and when should be appropriate Pharmacoeconomic model should be applied for a health care regimen.					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the various epidemiological methods and their applications • Understand the fundamental principles of Pharmacoeconomics. • Identify and determine relevant cost and consequences associated with pharmacy products and services. • Perform the key Pharmacoeconomics analysis methods • Understand the Pharmacoeconomic decision analysis methods and its applications. • Describe current Pharmacoeconomic methods and issues. • Understand the applications of Pharmacoeconomics to various pharmacy settings. 					
UNIT – I					
Introduction to Pharmacoepidemiology					
Definition, Scope, Need, Aims & Applications; Outcome measurement: Outcome measures, Drug use measures: Monetary units, Number of prescriptions, units of drug dispensed, defined daily doses, prescribed daily doses, Diagnosis and Therapy surveys, Prevalence, Incidence rate, Monetary units, number of prescriptions, unit of drugs dispensed, defined daily doses and prescribed daily doses, medications adherence measurements.					
Concept of risk:					
Measurement of risk, Attributable risk and relative risk, Time- risk relationship and odds ratio					
UNIT – II					
Pharmacoepidemiological Methods					
Qualitative models: Drug Utilization Review; Quantitative models: case reports, case series, Cross sectional studies, Cohort and case control studies, Calculation of Odds' ratio, Meta-analysis models, Drug effects study in populations: Spontaneous reporting, Prescription event monitoring, Post marketing surveillance, Record linkage systems, Applications of Pharmacoepidemiology					
UNIT – III					
Introduction to Pharmacoeconomics					
Definition, history of Pharmacoeconomics, Need of Pharmacoeconomic studies in Indian healthcare system. Cost categorization and resources for cost estimation: Direct costs. Indirect costs. Intangible costs. Outcomes and Measurements of Pharmacoeconomics: Types of outcomes: Clinical outcome, Economic outcomes, Humanistic outcomes; Quality Adjusted Life Years, Disability Adjusted Life Years Incremental Cost-Effective Ratio, Average Cost-Effective Ratio. Person Time, Willingness to Pay, Time Trade Off and Discounting.					
UNIT – IV					
Pharmacoeconomic evaluations					
Definition, Steps involved, Applications, Advantages and disadvantages of the following Pharmacoeconomic models: Cost Minimization Analysis (CMA), Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA), Cost Effective Analysis (CEA), Cost Utility Analysis (CUA), Cost of Illness (COI), Cost Consequences Analysis (COA).					



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UNIT – V	
Health related quality of life (HRQOL)	
Definition, Need for measurement of HRQOL, Common HRQOL measures. Definition, Steps involved, Applications of the following: Decision Analysis and Decision tree, Sensitivity analysis, Markov Modeling, Software used in Pharmacoeconomic analysis, Applications of Pharmacoeconomics	
Reference Books:	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Rascati K L. Essentials of Pharmacoeconomics, Woulters Kluwe rLippincott Williams & Wilkins, Philadelphia. 2. Thomas E Getzen. Health economics. Fundamentals and Flow of Funds. John Wiley & Sons, USA. 3. Andrew Briggs, Karl Claxton, Mark Sculpher. Decision Modeling for Health Economic Evaluation, Oxford University Press, London. 4. K G Revikumar, Pharmacoepidemiology and Pharmacoeconomics Concepts and Practices. 5. Michael Drummond, Mark Sculpher, George Torrence, Bernie O'Brien and Greg Stoddart. Methods for the Economic Evaluation of Health Care Programs Oxford University Press, London. 6. George E Mackinnon III. Understanding health outcomes and Pharmacoeconomics. 7. Graker, Dennis. Pharmacoeconomics and outcomes. 8. Walley, Pharmacoeconomics. 9. Pharmacoeconomic – ed. by Nowakowska – University of Medical Sciences, Poznan. 10. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature 11. Guru Prasad Mohanta and P K Manna, Textbook of Pharmacovigilance Concepts and Practice 	